

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
APPLICATION FOR U.S. LETTERS PATENT

Title:

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR CONDUCTING WIRELESS
CUSTOMER/VENDOR TRANSACTIONS

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TITLE OF INVENTION
SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR CONDUCTING WIRELESS
TRANSACTIONS

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to customer/vendor transactions which occur at vendor transaction facilities, for example, at a drive-through restaurant..

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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It is estimated that 60% of all business for fast food chains takes place at a drive-through window. The most significant problems encountered in adequately managing that portion of the business include conducting the cash portion of the transaction due to the overlap of walk-in, as well as drive-through, customers; and communication between the customers and fast food chain employees through microphone speakers, etc., in a noisy environment which might include traffic and car noise. Such noise significantly degrades the quality and understandability of the speech transfer between the customer and employee. In addition, menus at such drive-through windows are often static and not easily changed. Cash is also the primary form of payment and the cash transaction slows throughput of the food delivery process.

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What is needed is a more efficient process for conducting customer/vendor transactions, for example, those which occur at drive-through or other vendor transaction facilities.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention seeks to mitigate some of the problems associated with conventional customer/vendor transactions, for example, as may occur at a drive-through window of a fast food restaurant or other customer point of sale delivery location. The invention employs a wireless communication link which is temporarily established between a customer and a vendor transaction facility, e.g., a fast food restaurant, which enables order processing before a customer even arrives at the vendor transaction facility. The temporary wireless communication link which is established between the customer and vendor transaction facility permits the vendor to provide a menu of items or services for selection by the customer, customer selection of desired items or services, and payment transaction processing between the customer and vendor.. Since most of the operations associated with the purchase are completed before the customer actually reaches the vendor transaction facility, the only remaining operation is order fulfillment.

The invention permits better communications between the customer and vendor, cuts down the time required for customers to wait in line for order taking and fulfillment, provides customized services and permits the vendor to easily change menu items and present promotional specials to a customer.

These and other features and advantages of the invention will be more readily understood from the following detailed description which is provided in connection with the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIGURE 1 is a in block diagram of a wireless vendor transaction facility in accordance with a first exemplary embodiment of the invention;

- 5 FIGURE 2 is a in block diagram of a wireless vendor transaction facility in accordance with a second exemplary embodiment of the invention;

FIGURE 3 is an illustration of a display image produced by the apparatus illustrated in Figures 1 and 2;

- 10 FIGURE 4 is a block diagram of a system which interconnects a plurality of vendor transaction facilities;

FIGURE 5 is a flow chart of the processing performed at the wireless personal communications device illustrated in Figures 1 and 2;

FIGURE 6 is a flow chart of the processing performed at the vendor transaction facility illustrated in Figure 1;

- 15 FIGURE 7 is a modification of a portion of the flow chart of Figure 6 which is used at the vendor transaction facility illustrated in Figure 2; and

FIGURE 8 is a block diagram of a personal wireless communications device illustrated in Figures 1 and 2.

- 20 FIGURE 9 is a flow chart of additional processing which may be performed at a vendor transaction facility; and

FIGURE 10 is a drawing of a representative display queue which may be used at a vendor transaction facility.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a wireless communication system for ordering from a vendor transaction facility, for example, a fast food restaurant having a drive-through window. The ordering is over a temporary wireless communication established between a mobile wireless device associated with a customer and a fixed wireless device provided at a vendor transaction facility. Although the invention will be described below using a drive-through restaurant as an exemplary embodiment, this is but one of many applications for the invention. The invention may be used and adapted to any type of customer interaction with a vendor transaction facility, for example, a video store, drug store, or other type of store or service provider facility.

Figure 1 illustrates a first embodiment of the invention. The mobile wireless device is illustrated in Figure 1 as a personal wireless device 11, two such devices being shown in Figure 1. Personal wireless device 11 may include a personal digital assistant, wireless laptop computer, wireless telephone or other personal wireless device having a transceiver for sending and receiving messages. Preferably, personal wireless device 11 has a transceiver which is Bluetooth™, compliant as is a transceiver 15 provided at the vendor transaction facility 13. A Bluetooth™ compliant transceiver is capable of establishing a communication path in a process called bonding to one or more other Bluetooth™ compliant transceivers, as set out in the well-known Bluetooth™ protocol.

The vendor transaction facility 13 is illustrated as including transceiver 15, a control circuit 17, memory 18, a fulfillment station 19, for example, an order delivery station where a customer can pick up an order, an agent station 21 which may be associated with a point-of-sale station 25, a display device 27, and an input device 29. The vendor transaction facility 13 may also include an

application server 23 as an option. The vendor transaction facility 13 may also be connected by a network 31 which may be a LAN, WAN wireless network, or Internet, etc., to a corporate server 33 for purposes for monitoring transactions and inventory administration. For purposes of simplifying further discussion, network 31 will be assumed to be the Internet and server 33 a corporate web server which is connected to the vendor transaction facility through the Internet. The vendor transaction facility may also be connected by network 31 to another vendor transaction facility 13a to enable the other transaction facility 13a to handle all or part of a transaction , or order fulfillment, for a customer in communication with vendor facility 13, as will be more fully described below.

The construction of the personal wireless device 11 is illustrated in greater detail in Figure 8. It includes a transceiver 201, a control circuit 203, memory 208, an input device 205, an optional GPS position detector 209, a display 207, an audio input device 215, an audio output device 217, a speech coder 211, and a speech decoder 213. It should be noted that the personal wireless device 11 may have other circuits as well to enable its usual functionality, for example, as a personal digital assistant, wireless telephone, wireless computer, etc. In addition, several of the elements illustrated in Figure 8, for example, control circuit 203, input device 205, display 207, transceiver 201, among others, may also be used by the personal wireless device 11 in providing its usual functionality.

The operation of the embodiment illustrated in Figure 1 will now be described with reference to the flow charts on Figures 5 and 6 which respectively illustrate the operation of a personal wireless device 11 and the vendor transaction facility 13, respectively. Turning first to the operation of the personal wireless device 11 in Figure 5, when first enabled for ordering, a display is

presented to a user of the various goods and/or services which may be selected. For example, the control circuit 203 may consult and operate display 207 to display available types of products or services such as lodging, fast food, video stores, etc. From display of types of products or services which occurs at
5 processing segment 101, a customer can view on display 207 and select in processing segment 103, one of the listed types of products/services. For example, the customer may select fast food restaurants from the list as displayed in processing segment 101.

The control circuit 203, in response to selection of a particular
10 product/service by a user, next determines what vendor facilities are within the immediate area of the personal wireless device 11. In the example of fast food restaurant in processing signal 101 as a selection, a list of all fast food restaurants within the immediate vicinity of the second wireless device 11 is displayed. There are several methodologies by which the location of personal wireless device
15 11 can be determined. As illustrated in Figure 8, the personal communications device 11 may be configured with a GPS receiver 209 which determines the position of the wireless communications device 11. From this, control circuit 203 may consult a pre-stored look-up table in memory 208 to determine which fast food restaurants are located within a predetermined vicinity, e.g., a few miles,
20 of the wireless communications device 11.

Alternatively, control circuit 203 may cause display device 207 to display a series of regional maps from which a user can select a defined area in which the user is currently located. This is illustrated in processing segment 105 of Figure 5. Other methods may also be used to determine an area in which a
25 user is located, and to thereby consult memory 208 to determine which fast food restaurants are within that area.

Referring again to Figure 5, after control circuit 203 searches for and identifies vendors in the area in which the personal communications device 11 is located, these vendors are then indicated to a user of the communications device 11, either by way of visual display 207 or by way of an audio output 217.

5 After a user receives an indication of available vendors for the selected type of product/service, the user then operates a keypad or other selection device, e.g., touch screen, mouse, audio or speech command, etc., at the personal communications device 11 to select a vendor, as illustrated in processing segment 113.

10 Once the control circuit 203 receives this selection, it initiates communications with a selected vendor in processing segment 115 by operating transceiver 201 to cause a temporary wireless connection to be established with a vendor transaction facility 13. The communication may be, as noted, through a Bluetooth™ compliant communications channel. The procedures for
15 establishing Bluetooth™ wireless links are well known in the art and are defined in the Bluetooth™ specification and will not be described in detail herein. Other open standard or proprietary wireless communications protocols may also be used to establish a wireless communication channel between a personal communications device 11 and a vendor transaction facility 13 transceiver 15.

20 In addition, as shown below in connection with Figure 2, it is also possible for the customer device 11 to be a cellular phone, digital message service device or web based communications device in which case communications between the device 11 and transceiver 15 can be over a cellular, PCS, digital message, or other communications path which connects to a network 35. In this
25 case the network operator can provide a provisioning service in which a service and/or configuration of a service can be established for an individual, class of

customers, users, etc., where the customer or provisioning agent of the network operator selects the contents of the service to be provided to an individual or class of customers. For example, a cellular or web based customer can view a list of fast food restaurants on a web page provided by the network operator (or
5 listen to audio prompts) and can indicate which fast food restaurants should be included in his or her menu of services to appear (or be heard) on his or her mobile web device (cell phone) when the customer connects to a predetermined address. These selections can be changed, modified or deleted. After passing through the network 35, the customer connects with a particular vendor
10 transaction facility.

Returning to Figure 5, once the communication channel is established between a customer and a vendor transaction facility 13 (Figure 1) either directly or through a network provider (Figure 2), the personal communications device 11 sends customer identification, location information
15 and also sends and receives order information to and from a wireless link at the vendor transaction facility 13. When the order process is completed, the communication channel between the personal communications device 11 and vendor facility 13 is terminated, as indicated in processing segment 119.

The information which is exchanged during processing segment 117,
20 such as customer ID and other order and payment information, will be described in greater detail with reference to the processing carried out at the vendor transaction facility 13, as illustrated in Figure 6.

Referring to Figure 6, which shows a flow chart of the operations performed at the vendor transaction facility 13 by the control circuit 17, at an
25 initial processing step 121, the control circuit 17 monitors transceiver 15 to see if a customer communication has been detected. That is, control circuit 17 checks

if a personal wireless device 11 is trying to establish a wireless communications channel with the vendor transaction facility 13. If so, the control circuit 17 instructs the transceiver 15 to establish a communications channel with the personal wireless device 11.

5 In processing segment 123, control circuit 17 next records a received customer identification, customer location, the time of the transaction, the location of the vendor transaction facility 13, and initiates a record of the transaction. In association with this, the control circuit 17 may also pull a customer profile from a database for a customer who is a returning customer.

10 This profile may be stored in memory 18, or may be pulled from of a corporate web server 33 via the Internet network 31. Alternatively, the customer profile can be pulled from an application server 23 which is optionally provided at the vendor facility 13. For a new customer, the control circuit 17 may initiate and store a new customer profile. The customer profile may also be stored in

15 memory at the customer's personal wireless device 11 in which case it is transmitted from device 11 to the vendor transaction facility 13, along with the other customer information. Control circuit 17 receives the profile, updates it as necessary during a transaction, and transmits the updated profile back to the customer device 11 for storage.

20 The control circuit 17 may also prompt a customer in processing segment 124 to see if the customer needs directions to the vendor transaction facility 13. If the customer sends a response indicating that directions are needed, as detected in processing segment 126, control circuit 17 formulates such directions and sends them to the customer device 11 in processing segment

25 128. The directions can be sent as a general fixed set of directions to the vendor

facility, or may be specifically tailored based on the received customer location information and the known location of the vendor transaction facility 13.

The customer identification information can be used by control circuit 17 to begin building a customer profile for new customers and can also enter and use the information in customer priority and customer loyalty databases.

If a customer profile is available, it may indicate that the customer has a standing order, that is, an order which the customer usually places. If so, the control circuit 17 operates transceiver 15 to send a prompt to the customer requesting whether or not the customer wants to order per the standing order or wants to place a new order in processing segment 127. If there is no existing customer profile, the control circuit 17, merely prompts the customer for a new order in processing segment 127. The customer profile may also indicate the importance of the customer to the vendor which may be used to establish an order or fulfillment priority when several customers are accessing a vendor transaction facility, or to provide special promotional deals for the customer.

Referring again to Figure 6, the customer profile may also indicate a favorites list of items which can be sent to a customer when a customer chooses to place a new order.

The control circuit 17 checks transceiver 15 for a response from the customer in processing segment 129, which response will indicate whether a standing order or a new order is to be placed. As noted, customer may enter any information required during the ordering process by keyboard, mouse, touch screen, audio command, or any other type of information input device. If the customer response indicates that a standing order is to be placed, control circuit

17 moves from processing segment 129 to processing segment 131, where a standing order is prepared. The standing order is then totaled and the amount due for the order is sent to the customer in processing segment 133, and a processing payment routine is executed by control circuit 17 in processing segment 135. This entails receiving payment information from the customer in response to the amount due information which was sent in processing segment 133. Payment may be in the form of a credit card, debit card, prepaid card or other account information which is received from the customer in processing segment 135, and which is executed by an account transaction module shown as processing segment 147. This account information may be entered by a customer at the personal communications device 11, or it may be pre-stored at the personal communications device 11 and sent by customer command upon receipt of an amount due from the vendor transaction facility or it may be stored in the network, e.g., at server 33 or in memory 18 of a vendor transaction facility, or at optional server 23. Account authorization can be conducted over a secure financial link between a customer device 11 and a vendor transaction facility 13 and between the vendor transaction facility 13 and an authorizing authority.

Once payment transactions have been completed, control circuit 17 moves to a schedule delivery processing segment 137 which sets the order for delivery and instructs delivery in processing segment 139. For a fast food restaurant, for example, processing segments 137 and 139 will result in the order being made available for customer delivery at a fulfillment station 19 (Figure 1, e.g., at a drive-in window).

Referring back to processing segment 133 in Figure 6, as an adjunct to totaling an order, the control circuit 17 also performs an inventory check in

processing segment 141. The customer order will only be totaled if sufficient inventory exists for processing the order. If insufficient inventory exists to process the order, that will be indicated to the customer as part of the total order processing segment 133.

5 Assuming that the inventory is sufficient to fulfill the order, control circuit 17 then sends the order to the fulfillment station 19 in processing segment 143, after which the inventory and delivery processor associated with the vendor transaction facility 13 is updated at processing segment 145. The inventory/delivery processor may be the optional application server 23 at the
10 vendor transaction facility, or may reside as the web server 33, connected to control circuit 17 through the Internet 31. The inventory and delivery processor may also be the control circuit 17 itself.

 Referring again for a moment to processing segment 137 of Figure 6, order delivery is scheduled after the order has been sent to fulfillment and proper
15 payment processing has occurred in processing segment 135. Once these events have both been completed, then an order is set for delivery at processing segment 139 at the fulfillment station 19.

 Referring back to processing segment 129, if a standing order is not selected by a customer, meaning that a new order will be taken, the control
20 circuit 17 composes a menu of item selections in processing segment 149. In conjunction with this, it may pull current menu items from a local or remote location in processing segment 151. Once again, these menu items may reside on an optional application server 23 provided at the vendor facility 13, or on a web server 33 connected to control circuit 17 by the Internet 31, or may be
25 provided in memory 18 associated with control circuit 17. In addition, control

circuit 17 can pull a list of favorite items from the customer profile which are items which the customer typically selects when placing an order.

Once the menu selections have been composed in processing segment 149 they are sent by the control circuit through transceiver 15 in processing
5 segment 153 to the customer. The control circuit 17 then awaits a customer input which, when received from transceiver 15, is used to prepare an order in processing segment 156. As noted, customer selection input may be by any convenient entry device such as a keyboard, mouse selection, touch screen, audio command, etc. The customer may also input an order complete indication when
10 no further selections are desired. In processing segment 157, control circuit 17 analyzes a customer input selection and determines whether ordering is complete and, if so, proceeds to processing segment 133 where the order is totaled, and all other operations described above which follow the order totaling at processing segment 133 are executed.

15 If the order is determined to not be complete in processing segment 157, the control circuit 17 processes the customer's order selection and returns to processing segment 153, where it again sends the menu to a customer; receives a customer order selection or order complete indication in processing segment 155; updates the order in processing segment 156 if an order selection
20 was entered by a customer; and again checks to see if the order is complete in processing segment 157. This process repeats until the customer indicates that the order is complete, as detected at processing segment 157.

Once the order is determined to be complete in processing segment 157, the control circuit 17 proceeds to the total order processing segment 133,
25 and processing proceeds as described above with respect to all processing segments which follow the total order processing segment 133.

Figure 1 also illustrates an agent station 21 which may include a point-of-sale terminal 25, as well as a display 27 and an input device 29. The agent station 21 provides a supervisory function for the order processing described above with respect to Figures 5 and 6. As such, the agent station 21 may have its own control circuit or may operate off the control circuit 17 of the vendor transaction facility 13. In either event, the functions executed by the agent station 21 are illustrated by the flow chart depicted in Figure 9.

The agent station 21 acquires and displays all orders currently in progress from all wireless customers. It also deletes any completed orders from the display in processing segment 301. For example, customers may be arranged by the control circuit for the agent station 21 in a customer queue, such as first-in-first-out (FIFO) queue as shown in Figure 10. This queue may be maintained by the control circuit 17 or by a control circuit provided at the agent station 21, or even by application server 23. In any event, the agent station 21 has access to the stored information shown in Figure 10.

As illustrated, the information which is displayed by agent station 21 on display device 27 includes the arrival time of each customer, that is the time the communication was initiated between the customer and the vendor transaction facility 13, an indication of whether or the payment and inventory aspects of the transaction have been completed (the M Commerce column), an indication of the number of the order, including number of items and what they are, an indication of whether those items are available, an indication of whether or not the order has been completed, an indication of the transaction number, an indication of the distance or location of the customer from the vendor transaction facility 13, an estimate of the time of arrival, and a prediction of which customers will be processed in what order. Thus an agent at the agent

station 21 is able to completely view all pending orders and their status for possible problems and consequent intervention and fulfillment can be organized and monitored.

- Referring back to Figure 9, in addition to the display of the orders which are being processed for all customers, the agent station may also display, in processing segment 302, customers locations relative to the vendor transaction facility 13, for example, as shown in Figure 3.

- Figure 3 shows the location 41 of the vendor transaction facility 13 overlayed on a street map, including streets 43 and 45 and, in addition, shows the locations of the customers, here illustrated as customers X_1 , X_2 and X_3 . Thus an agent at agent station 21 not only sees the status of all orders in progress, but also sees the relative locations of the customers to the vendor transaction facility 13. One or both of the displays illustrated in Figure 10 and Figure 3 can also be provided with an input selection device so that a transaction agent can select a particular customer for communications therewith.

- Referring back to Figure 9, the agent station 21, or control circuit 17, may be provided with indication circuitry to indicate a problem in the order. For example, as illustrated in Figure 10, if the time that the order has been pending exceeds a predetermined time period, that customer order would be flashed on the display screen 27 at the agent station 21. Other conditions for triggering an alarm might include: unavailability of all items selected by a customer, customer arrival at vendor facility before the order has been completed, and other alarm indications. An agent can respond to these indications by selecting a customer for communication.

Thus, returning to Figure 9, if an alarm condition is indicated as requiring supervisory intervention as detected at step 303, an agent may make an entry on input device 29 and establish an audio communication with a selected customer, as illustrated in processing segment 305. As a result of that

5 communication, a supervisor personnel may raise an order entry 307 including changing an item ordered, or perhaps even deleting an order, which is then sent to update order processing segment 309. This in turn serves to update the orders which were prepared in either processing segment 131 or processing segment 156.

10 It should be noted that other alarm conditions may also be flagged for the attention of the supervisor in processing segment 303. One such alarm indication might be that the system which is receiving information from the customer cannot decipher the customer's input. In such case, once again, an alarm flag will be indicated on the display 27 by, for example, a flashing customer

15 input which will alert a supervisor for the need to establish an audio communication with a customer to clarify the order. Another possible alarm condition might be that the vendor transaction facility 13 cannot fulfill the order or that order fulfillment will take too long, in which case a supervisor at agent station 21 can communicate that information to a customer and either direct the

20 customer and order to another fulfillment station, or provide the customer with an anticipated time when fulfillment can be completed.

The agent station 21 communication, as established in processing segment 305, is conducted through control circuit 17 operating transceiver 15 to enable an audio communication between a personal wireless device 11 and the

25 agent station 21. The audio communications at the personal wireless device 11 are conducted through the audio input 215 and output 217 circuits and

associated speech coder 211 and decoder 213. Similar audio elements including input circuit 16, audio output circuit 22, speech coder 18, and speech decoder 20 are provided at the vendor transaction facility in association with the agent station 21.

5 Order taking and processing also need not occur exclusively at the vendor transaction facility which is in wireless communication with a customer, but may occur at any vendor transaction facility which is connected to network 31. Thus, if an equipment problem occurs at the vendor transaction facility 13 which is in wireless communication with a customer, responsibility for taking and
10 completing the order can be passed onto another vendor transaction facility through network 31.

 The agent station 21 at one facility 13a may also be used to monitor orders at a different vendor transaction facility 13 by communications with the different transaction facility over network 31. For example, if a customer
15 operating a personal wireless device 11, which is in wireless communication with a first vendor transaction facility 13, is not fluent in English, making communications difficult, an operator at agent station 21 of the facility 13 which is in wireless communication with the customer can transfer responsibility for supervising and processing the transaction to a different facility 13a and
20 associated agent station 21 where an operator may be fluent in the customer's native language. This occurs by an agent requesting control circuit 17 by input at agent station 21 to pass the order and transaction information associated with the customer to the other vendor transaction facility 13a through network 31. It is also possible for a control circuit 17 to pass the order and transactional
25 information to another vendor transaction facility 13a automatically if a customer

profile, or the content of an order, or a particular implementation indicates that another vendor transaction facility 13a is better able to process the order.

Thus, an order originating at one vendor transaction facility 13 can be supervised and processed by any other vendor transaction facility 13a coupled to network 13. Once the order is processed to completion, fulfillment occurs at the vendor transaction facility which is in wireless communication via transceiver 15 with the customer. This way, an order can be processed by any of the vendor transaction facilities with fulfillment occurring at that particular facility which is in wireless communication with the customer. This operation is transparent to the customer.

Although the invention has been primarily described with relation to using a personal wireless device 11 which establishes a direct wireless link to a transceiver 15 located at a vendor transaction facility 13, the invention may also be used with a conventional cellular, PCS, digital message or web based cellular network. This is illustrated in the Figure 2 embodiment of the invention.

Figure 2 differs from Figure 1 in illustrating a network 35 in between a transceiver 15 and a control circuit 17. Network 35, for example, may be a conventional cellular network or a cellular network and/or Internet network. In this embodiment, the personal wireless devices are cell phones or web based wireless communications devices. In this instance, the transceiver 15 is provided by a network operator, for example, a cellular operator; and the initial connection is established in conventional fashion. For example, for a cellular telephone, a customer would dial up a number of the vendor transaction facility 13. This customer and order information would be received by transceiver 15 which in this instance would be a cellular base station, which would make a connection to the vendor transaction facility 13 through a cellular network 35 or even through

an Internet connection. In this manner, the customer may place an order using the cellular phone or web based communications device. If the customer has a web based wireless communications device, the transceiver 15 would again be provided by the network operator, and it would in turn be connected into a
5 network 35 which, in this case, would be the Internet to the vendor transaction facility 13. All other aspects of the second embodiment of the invention operate the same as described above with respect to the first embodiment.

Figure 7 illustrates changes to the vendor transaction facility 13 software when a cell phone or web based communicator is used by a customer.
10 Thus, referring to Figure 7, when an incoming call is received at a vendor transaction facility 13 as detected by the control circuit 17 of Figure 2, the control circuit then proceeds to determine customer identification and location at processing segment 163. Location information can be acquired by a customer
15 keying in his location on the cellular telephone or other web based communicator, or, if that device includes a GPS receiver, GPS coordinate information can be sent manually or automatically by the customer to the vendor transaction facility 13. Once customer location information is received at processing segment 163, then processing proceeds in the manner illustrated in Figure 6 beginning at processing segment 123.

20 When a cellular or web based system as illustrated in Figure 2 is used, it is possible for the network operator, e.g., a cellular operator, or even an ISP for the Internet, to provision the customer's communication before sending it to the vendor transaction facility 13. Thus, the network operator or ISP may have stored information associated with the customer, such as preferred vendors or
25 ordering information, customer priority information, etc., so the customer only needs to dial one phone number to the network operator or ISP to initiate an

order and the cellular operator or ISP can retrieve stored vendor or other order preferences for the customer and direct the communication to a preselected vendor transaction facility 13.

Figure 4 illustrates how a plurality of vendor transaction facilities
5 13a . . . 13c can be connected through a network 31 to a corporate server 33
and in turn a display 39. Thus, referring back to the embodiments of Figure 1
and Figure 2, network 31 of Figure 4 corresponds to the same numbered
networks in these figures.

The corporate server 33 can receive information about the customer
10 orders at the various locations, e.g., information C1a, C1b, C1c, for customer
transactions occurring at vendor transaction facility 13a, information C2a, C2b,
C2c, for customer transactions occurring at vendor transaction facility 13b, and
information C3a for customer transactions occurring at vendor transaction
15 facility 13c. The corporate server 33 can in turn use the information on
customer orders for inventory management, accounting, marketing and other
corporate back room functions.

It should be noted that although the invention has been described in
Figure 10 with respect to a customer ordering queue which is based on a first-in-
first-out basis, the queue can also be arranged in the invention in other queue
20 ordering, such as time to fulfillment, customer distance from fulfillment station,
preferred customer, or other order priority sequence. In addition, as noted, the
invention has been primarily described in the embodiment of Figure 1 with
reference to using a Bluetooth™ compliant communications link or a wireless
LAN IEEE 802.11 compliant communications link. However, as noted, other
25 types of communications links may also be employed based on proprietary or

standardized technology, for example, PICO, GSM, UMTS GSM as well as others.

In addition, when the vendor transaction facility 13 communicates menu selections and other order information to a customer from a vendor transaction facility 13, the facility may also transmit current promotional specials to the customer for review and possible selection. In addition, although a speech recognition unit and a speech synthesis unit have been described with respect to the embodiments above, it should also be appreciated that other types of communications units can be used to provide communications between the customer and the vendor transaction facility, such as beeps, vibrations, flashing lights, etc.

In addition, although customer payment has been described in terms of conventional payment mechanisms, such as credit card, debit card, prepaid account, etc., it is also possible to charge a customer's network account, e.g., Internet account, telephone account, a phone card, SIM card or other type of account for a transaction.

In yet another variant of the invention, it is also possible to provide the vendor transaction facility 13, and specifically the control circuit 17 thereof, with the ability to continually broadcast via transceiver 15 to possible personal wireless devices 11 which may be in the vicinity of transceiver 15 to initiate and establish a communications link therewith. In such instances, the control circuit 17 can be configured to provide menu selections, promotional specials and other information in an attempt to entice a customer to engage in placing an order. If a customer responds to a solicitation, ordering can proceed as discussed above with reference to Figures 5 and 6.

Although the invention has been primarily described with respect to the delivery of goods to a customer, the invention can also be used for the delivery of services as well. For example, the invention could be used to order car washes, dry cleaning, hair cuts, or any type of service which can be fulfilled at a fulfillment station or, in the case of dry cleaning, can be dropped off at a fulfillment station.

The control circuits 17 and 203 may be formed of computer circuits, such as stand alone computers and processors, with associated memory, or may be formed as other programmable or hard-wired logic devices, or a combination of hardware devices and programmable devices. In addition, one or more or all of the functions performed by the control circuit 17 can be performed by a local 23 or remote 33 server, which servers can also function as the control circuits, or the functions performed by control circuit 17 can be distributed and shared among control circuit 17, local 23 and remote 33 server, in which case the control circuit 17, local 23 and remote 33 servers function as a seamless control circuit.

Still further, it is also possible with any of the exemplary embodiments to have all transaction processing for a customer handled by a remote server, e.g., with server 33 with the control circuit 17 primarily functioning to relay order information between a personal wireless device 11 and the web server 33, and instructing the order fulfillment station 19 to fulfill an order under instruction of web server 33.

The invention also permits system structuring so that different functions on the vendor side can be performed by different parts of the system, for example, two or more transaction facilities 13, 13a can perform different aspects of an order, and the remote 33 and local 23 (if provided) servers can

While various embodiments of the invention have been described and illustrated above, it should be noted that many modifications, substitutions and variations can be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the invention is only limited by the scope of the claims appended hereto.